

2 THE SAFETY, HEALTH, AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROFESSIONAL

QUIZ 1 (15 POINTS TOTAL)

True/False (4 points)

1. To be a valued member of a public-sector health program, the safety, health, and environmental (SH&E) professional must “seek first to understand.”
 - a. true
 - b. false
2. New SH&E professionals should not expect business managers to come to management with worker safety as a high initiative or goal.
 - a. true
 - b. false
3. The effects of globalization on the SH&E professional has led to an increased responsibility to ensure that workers making product for the United States in developing countries have safe working conditions.
 - a. true
 - b. false
4. The SH&E professional is likely to be sued or held legally liable in the event of injury to a worker.
 - a. true
 - b. false

Multiple Choice (6 points)

5. The role of the SH&E professional is to
 - a. save lives
 - b. avoid harm to workers
 - c. maintain productivity
 - d. encourage retention of productive workers
 - e. all of the above
6. Beyond a code approach, ethical choices for the SH&E professional can be made using the following guidelines:
 - a. “first do no harm”
 - b. “always do the right thing”
 - c. “first ensure reasonable protection for the health of individuals
 - d. none of the above
7. SH&E professionals face the following competing needs for training
 - a. specialized training
 - b. generalist training
 - c. business training
 - d. all of the above
 - e. none of the above

8. A 1999 journal article reported that roughly ____ percent of members of the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) were consultants.
 - a. 10
 - b. 20
 - c. 25
 - d. 30

9. Since the 1990s federal courts and most states have applied _____ to determine the accuracy of expert witness testimony in occupational injury claims.
 - a. canons of ethical behavior
 - b. the Dauber test
 - c. compliance culture
 - d. none of the above

10. The SH&E professional should be prepared for future opportunities dealing with changes in
 - a. technology
 - b. stewardship roles
 - c. indoor air quality
 - d. all of the above

Short Answer (5 points)

11. Describe “the shift to the subtle” as discussed in the chapter.

12. Why is building a relationship with NGOs important to the SH&E professional’s organization?

13. In general, what is the role of the SH&E professional?

14. Why are the responsibilities of the SH&E professional in an organization more significant than those of someone who deals only with assets or equipment?

15. In what way is the SH&E professional a “product steward” in the workplace?